


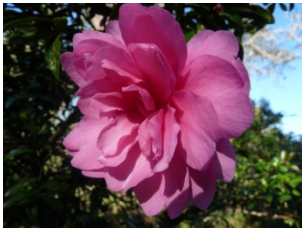


Garden bed 12: Poplar Corner Garden bed. This small but important Garden bed is located at the very centre of the Garden, and is best viewed from either from the path leading up to the Main Bridge or from the northeast corner of the Wedding Lawn. A golden poplar (*Populus nigra* ‘Lombardy Gold’) on the Wedding Lawn marks the corner of this Garden bed.












Border of *C. hiemalis* “Shishigashira” is a major feature of the Poplar Corner Garden bed.




AREA A

Family: Theaceae

Code Number	Camellia Name	Flower Photo (if available)	Description, Origin and Registration Number	Flowering Period
CGN0497	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Paradise Barbara'		Large single white, flowers can have occasional pink edge, up to 9cm in diameter. 1997, R. J. Cherry, Kulnara, NSW. Reg. No. 481.	May to July
CGN0513	<i>C. hiemalis</i> 'Chansonette'		Imbricated formal double brilliant pink, averaging 7.5 cm across by 2.5 cm deep with up to 46 petals. A seedling of 'Shishigashira', it is an excellent hedge shrub. 1958, Washburne, US. Reg. No. 320. Winner Ralph Peer Sasanqua Award in 1959.	April to July
CGN0514	<i>C. japonica</i> 'Ace High'		Medium formal double, bright red with prominent centre. Obcordate, tapering dark green leaves with pointed apex. 1982, Len Hobbs, Victoria, Australia. Reg. No. 292.	August to September
CGN0519	<i>C. japonica</i> 'Tama-no-ura' (NB. name is the place of discovery in Japan)		Medium size companionate single, red edged clear white with 6 petals. Cylindrical stamen cluster with white filaments. 1975, Yokoyama, but first plants discovered in the wild in 1947 by a charcoal burner in Tama-no-ura, Fuku'e Island, Gotô Archipeligo, Nagaski Prefecture, Japan.	May to July

CGN0520	<i>C. japonica</i> 'Dewatairin' (HIGO) (trans. 'Large flowering camellia from Dewa Province)	 	<p>Large light rose pink single HIGO form up to 13 cm across. Stamens in excess of 100.</p> <p>1695, Itô, Ihei, Japan.</p>	May to July
CGN0521	<i>C. japonica</i> 'Pope John XXIII'		<p>Large formal double white, up to 11 cm across with heavy textured petals</p> <p>1967, Gentry but originated in 1959 by F. W. Maitland, San Fernando, California, US.</p>	July to early September
CGN0522	<i>C. brevistyla</i> form. <i>Rubida</i> Section: Paracamellia		<p>Naturally occurring pink/red form of <i>C. brevistyla</i>. Delicate single pink flowers up to 3 cm in diameter, produced at tips of shoots or leaf axils.</p> <p>1987, Chang, native to Zhejiang Province, China.</p>	April to May
CGN0524	<i>C. japonica</i> 'Margaret Davis'		<p>Medium to large peony form, cream with petals brilliantly edged rose, another sport of <i>C. japonica</i> 'Aspasia Macarthur'.</p> <p>1963, A.M. Davis, Cammaray, NSW. Reg. No. 54. William Hertrich Award in 1969, Sewell Mutant Award in 1976, and William E. Woodroof Hall of Fame Award in 1979.</p>	June to August

CGN0526	<i>C. japonica</i> 'Great Eastern'		Large semi-double crimson blooms with a small group of small petals in centre. Very hardy variety, suitable for sunny conditions and one of Australia's oldest and most popular garden varieties. 1872, Shepherd & Co Nursery, Chippendale/Darlington, Sydney, NSW.	June to August
CGN0528 R	<i>C. reticulata</i> 'Juban' (trans. 'Chrysanthemum Petal')		Rose form to formal double pink, up to 10cm across. Petals up to 37 in 7-8 whorls, outer whorls are larger, undeveloped stamens. 1930, Feng, a common cultivar in Kunming, Yunnan Province, China.	August to September
CGN0529 CGN0530 CGN0531 CGN0532 CGN0533 CGN0534 CGN0535 CGN0536	<i>C. hiemalis</i> 'Shishigashira'		Red, double, dwarf, free flowering. A popular landscaping hedge plant. 1894, Nihon, Engei, Kai Zasshi, Chugai Nursery Catalogue 1935-1936, Japan.	February to April
CGN0540	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Beatrice Emily'		Double white, petal reverse, mauvy pink. 1957, Originated Brown's Pentecost Nursery. St Ives, NSW, Australia.	February to April

CGN0757	<i>C. japonica</i> 'Masterpiece'	  <p>Rose-form semi-double form above, formal double below.</p>	<p>Large rose form semi-double up to 12.5 cm across, white with occasional blush. Extremely large dark green leaves up to 18 cm long and 11 cm wide.</p> <p>1950, Thompson, but originally a seedling of <i>C. japonica</i> 'Gauntletti' raised by Harvey F. Short, Ramona, California, US.</p>	July to September
CGN1214 CGN1215	<i>C. hybrid</i> 'Paradise Little Jen'		<p>Small single pink, elliptic leaves, a seedling of <i>C. rosaeflora</i> x <i>C. sasanqua</i>.</p> <p>1994, Paradise Plants Nursery, Kulnara, NSW.</p>	June to August