













**Garden bed 31: Eastern Fence Hedge Garden bed.** This informal hedge includes a beautiful collection of *Camellia sasanqua*, *Camellia x vernalis* and *Camellia hiemalis* cultivars.





AREAS B1 and B2





Family: Theaceae

Code Number	Camellia Name	Flower Photo (if available)	Description, Origin and Registration Number	Flowering Period
CGN1150 CGN1152 CGN1152 CGN1153	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Onigoromo' (trans. 'Devil's Coat')		Medium single, white in centre shading to pink rose at edges of petals. Up to 9 petals fluted and crinkled, hence the 'Devil's Coat' name. Very vigorous hedge camellia.  1891, Yokohama Nurseries Catalogue, Japan.	May to July
CGN1154 CGN1155 CGN1156 CGN1157	<i>C. hiemalis</i> 'Bonsai Baby'		Rose form double to semi-double, bright red flowers, 2.5 to 3 cm across. Compact growth habits and popular bonsai material.  1957, McCaskills Gardens, Pasadena, California, US.	April to May
CGN1158 CGN1159 CGN1160	<i>C. x vernalis</i> 'Yuletide'		Small single, brilliant orange red to dark red with attractive stamen centre. Dense compact growth.  1963, Nuccio's Nursery Catalogue, Altadena, California, US. Winner Ralph Peer Sasanqua Award in 1974.	May to July




CGN1161	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Rosette'		Small rose form double to peony form. Often flowers late.  1963, Nuccio's Nursery Catalogue, Altadena, California, US	May to July
CGN1162 CGN1163	<i>C. x vernalis</i> 'Shibori-egao'		Rose blotched white form of 'Egao', semi-double, size up to 9cm across. Resembles <i>C. japonica</i> .  1974, Originated Yoshioka, Kurume, Japan.	March to May
CGN1164 CGN1165	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Weroona'		White, stained deep rose semi-double on margins and underside of petals. Staining more pronounced in later season.  Flowers up to 10 cm across.  1963, E.G. Waterhouse, Gordon, NSW. Reg. No. 53.	Usually one of the earliest flowering cultivars in the garden.  Early February to April
CGN1166	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Shichifukujin' (trans. 'Seven Gods of Good Fortune')		Pale pink edged mallow pink, semi-double.  1898, Ashizawa, Japan.	February to April



CGN1167	<p><i>C. hiemalis</i> (variety sold as Australian 'Hiryû')</p> <p>NB There has been much nomenclature confusion surrounding this cultivar, also given the name of 'Kanjiro'</p>		<p>Large cerise semi-double, paler at centre of petals. Dark and glossy foliage.</p> <p>Note variation from standard 'Kanjiro' in CGN2003.</p> <p>Originated in Japan.</p>	Late February to May
CGN1169 CGN1170	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Plantation Pink'</p>		<p>Large pink single.</p> <p>1948, E. G. Waterhouse, Gordon, NSW, Australia.</p>	Late February to May
CGN1171	<p><i>C. x vernalis</i> 'Star Above Star'</p>	  <p>Photos above indicate range of variation (courtesy, Jim Powell, Camellias Australia)</p>	<p>Semi-double in the form of one star superimposed on another star. White shading to lavender rose at the edges.</p> <p>1964 Dekker, U.S. Received the Ralph Peer Sasanqua Seedling Award for 1969. This camellia has become very popular in Australian gardens.</p>	March to May
CGN1172	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Alison Spragg'</p>		<p>Small semi-double to informal double, light magenta, can be identified by fluted inner petals.</p> <p>1973, Alice Spragg, Sutherland, NSW. Reg. No. 161.</p>	April to early June

<p>CGN1173 CGN1174 CGN1175</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Red Willow'</p>		<p>Pink semi-double, with pendulous foliage.</p> <p>1964, McCloy, introduced in Hazlewood's Nursery Catalogue, Australia.</p>	<p>February to early June</p>
<p>CGN1176 CGN1177</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Paradise Glow'</p>		<p>Large single, strong pink, distinguished from <i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Plantation Pink' by its deeper toning and texture uniformly into the centre of the petal.</p> <p>1995, Paradise Plants Nursery, Kulnara, NSW.</p>	<p>April to May</p>
<p>CGN1178 CGN1179 CGN1180</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Sparkling Burgundy'</p>		<p>Rose coloured double up to 10 cm across and 5 cm deep. Up to 39 petals intermingled with petaloids and stamens. Dark green leaves</p> <p>1957, American Association of Nurserymen, originator Casadaban, USA. Reg. No 424.</p>	<p>April to May</p>
<p>CGN1181 CGN1182 CGN1183</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Mahratta'</p>		<p>Small irregular peony form, hot pink, outer petals recurved, mixed with pink and gold stamens.</p> <p>1972, listed in a Hazlewood's Nursery catalogue but little else known other than its name referring to an North Shore Sydney mansion. Noted by Stirling Macoboy in <i>What Camellia is That?</i> (1977).</p>	<p>April to early June</p>

<p>CGN1184 CGN1185 CGN1186</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Jane Morgan'</p>		<p>Small single, occasionally semi-double, white with rose-pink edged petals. Saucer shaped flowers.</p> <p>1967, Mr C. E. Morgan, Lindfield, NSW. Reg. No. 79.</p>	<p>April to early June</p>
<p>CGN1190 CGN1197</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Russhay'</p>	 <p>Photo courtesy Jim Powell, Camellias Australia</p>	<p>Large semi-double, orchid pink shading to deeper pink in centre. Compact gold stamen centre.</p> <p>1981, originated by R. Green, Killarney Heights, NSW. Reg No 271.</p>	<p>April to June</p>
<p>CGN1192</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Dazzler'</p>		<p>Medium semi-double, ranging from bright cerise rose to rose pink up to 8 cm across.</p> <p>1960, Nuccio's Nursery Catalogue, Altadena California, US.</p>	<p>April to June</p>
<p>CGN1193</p>	<p><i>C. sasanqua</i> x <i>C. fraterna</i> 'Yoimachi' (trans. 'Evening Waiting')</p>		<p>Miniature single white marked with pink. A hybrid of <i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Narumigata' x <i>C. fraterna</i>.</p> <p>1982, Dr Clifford Parks, Chapel Hill, North Carolina, US. Reg. No. 1779.</p>	<p>May to July</p>



CGN1194	<i>C. hybrid</i> 'Jannine Powell'	 <p data-bbox="651 501 874 595">Photo courtesy Jim Powell, Camellias Australia</p>	<p data-bbox="949 199 1201 562">Miniature to small semi-double, tow toned pale pink centre shading to dark pink at margins., up to 5 cm across. Petals cup shaped. A seedling of <i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Pure Silk' and <i>C. hybrid</i> 'Alpen Glo'.</p> <p data-bbox="949 600 1190 730">1995, originated by Jim Powell, Helensburgh, NSW. Reg. No. 449.</p>	May to July
CGN1195	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Early Pearly'	 <p data-bbox="651 1023 874 1120">Photo courtesy Jim Powell, Camellias Australia</p>	<p data-bbox="949 736 1198 936">Small rose form double (rarely formal double), white with outer rows of blush petals. Up to 4 cm across.</p> <p data-bbox="949 974 1190 1135">1972, originated by Dr Mervin B. Wine, Thomasville, Georgia, US. Reg. No. 1187.</p>	April to June
CGN1196	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Queenslander'		<p data-bbox="949 1162 1201 1361">Small informal double, silvery pink up to 7.5 cm across. Bud centre opens up to complete informal form in flower.</p> <p data-bbox="949 1400 1166 1628">1967, Alex Scott, Birkdale, Queensland, from seed originally imported from France. Reg. No. 76.</p>	March to May

CGN1198	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Bert Jones'	 <p data-bbox="608 555 916 685">Above photo courtesy Camellias-R-Us Nursery, Glenorie, who supplied this specimen.</p>	<p data-bbox="948 194 1208 264">Large semi-double, pink to silvery pink.</p> <p data-bbox="948 297 1208 465">1967, a seedling obtained by Mr Bert Jones from Camellia Grove Nursery St. Ives. Reg. No. 78.</p>	March to May
CGN1199	<i>C. sasanqua</i> 'Something Special'	 <p data-bbox="651 981 879 1075">Photo courtesy Jim Powell, Camellias Australia</p>	<p data-bbox="948 685 1208 790">Large single white with striking dark pink border.</p> <p data-bbox="948 824 1208 992">1985, Davidsons Nursery Catalogue, originated by Pat Goonan, Sydney, NSW.</p>	March to May